Responses to Senator Coburn's November 13, 2012 Letter

1. How many rounds of ammunition has the Department purchased during each of the past three fiscal years? How much did these acquisitions cost?

CBP = U.S. Customs and Border Protection FLETC = Federal Law Enforcement Training Center

NPPD/FPS = National Protection and Programs Directorate/Federal Protective Service

ICE = U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement

TSA = Transportation Security Administration

USCG = U.S. Coast Guard

USSS = U.S. Secret Service

	FY 2010		FY 2011		FY 2012	
DHS	Rounds		Rounds		Rounds	
Component	purchased	Cost	purchased	Cost	purchased	Cost
CBP	66,248,000	\$17,376,248	48,461,000	\$13,895,900	36,475,000	\$12,255,040
FLETC	17,056,000	\$5,507,057	22,735,654	\$7,062,254	7,678,946	\$2,485,045
NPPD/FPS	2,946,000	\$976,621	1,498,000	\$517,412	2,804,000	\$928,345
ICE	25,212,000	\$7,703,308	13,221,000	\$4,505,731	28,061,000	\$6,633,460
TSA	15,383,000	\$2,818,760	7,124,000	\$2,010,642	14,864,000	\$4,484,581
USCG	17,472,325	\$11,465,150	6,782,540	\$8,442,495	9,791,274	\$8,309,944
USSS	3,997,500	\$2,097,971	8,841,860	\$1,802,871	3,503,980	\$1,439,495
Total DHS	148,314,825	\$47,945,115	108,664,054	\$38,237,305	103,178,200	\$36,535,910

2. Does DHS plan to purchase more ammunition in the current fiscal year? How much is budgeted for ammunitions acquisitions?

DHS Components	FY 2013 Estimates for Ammunition Acquisitions
CBP	\$12,528,146
FLETC	\$5,900,000
NPPD/FPS	\$470,000
ICE	\$5,200,000
TSA	\$4,515,552
USCG	\$7,400,000
USSS	\$1,250,000
Total DHS	\$37,263,698

DHS Components	Component Inventory as of November 20, 2012
CBP	94,404,329
FLETC	18,797,942
NPPD/FPS	2,500,000
ICE	42,300,000
TSA	29,909,514
USCG	70,258,197
USSS	5,563,380
Total DHS	263,733,362

3. How many rounds of ammunition does the Department currently have in its inventory? How are these rounds allocated to each of its agencies?

4. Please describe how DHS (and its component agencies) plan to use this ammunition. How many rounds are allocated for training? How many are allocated for operational use? How many rounds are allocated for other purposes?

CBP: Approximately 70 percent of CBP ammunition is used for quarterly qualifications, mandated firearms training, advanced firearms training, as well as testing and evaluation. Twenty percent of CBP ammunition is allocated to maintaining CBP's operational posture. This includes rounds for duty use, as well as for maintaining CBP's special response teams. The remaining 10 percent is dedicated to maintaining ammunition reserves at both the national and local levels.

FLETC: All FLETC ammunition is purchased, distributed, and used for law enforcement training. No ammunition is allocated for operational or other use.

NPPD/FPS: FPS allocates 1,000 rounds of ammunition per firearm per year for quarterly qualifications and training, to include advanced firearms training exercises, as well as ammunition to support law enforcement operations.

ICE: ICE allocates 1,000 rounds of ammunition per firearm per year for quarterly qualifications and training, to include advanced firearms training exercises, special response team training, and ammunition to support law enforcement operations.

TSA: Approximately 21 million rounds of TSA's current inventory are reduced-hazard, lead-free frangible training ammunition, which is used exclusively for training. The remaining rounds are duty ammunition, which are used for both training and operational purposes. Overall, approximately 35 percent of TSA ammunition is allocated for operational use (qualifications and duty carry). Fewer than 100,000 rounds are used for other purposes annually, including firearms testing and evaluation.

USCG: USCG allocates its ammunition inventory for Non-Combat Expenditure Allowance (NCEA) and ship-fill purposes. The NCEA, available to both shore units and cutters, is used for training and for non-defense operations including maritime law enforcement operations. USCG ship-fill allowances are specific to cutters and are designed for use on defense operations.

USSS: USSS plans to use the above mentioned ammunition for training, research, and operational use as needed to maintain professional firearms proficiency. Based on a review of recent historical data, USSS plans to allocate approximately 60 percent of the ammunition for training, 38 percent for operational use, and 2 percent for quality control testing of all ammunition and function firing of all new and repaired weapons.

5. Please detail approximately how many rounds DHS and its component agencies have used for training and operational purposes during the past three fiscal years.

	FY 2010		FY 2011		FY 2012	
DHS	Training	Operationa	Training	Operational	Training	Operational
Component	purpose	l purposes	purpose	purposes	purpose	purposes
CBP	42,616,129	13,888,595	33,380,176	13,830,548	23,358,285	14,550,803
FLETC	23,391,012	0	20,800,782	0	16,939,215	0
FPS/NPPD	2,356,800	589,200	1,198,400	299,600	5,798,400	1,449,600
ICE	20,169,600	5,042,400	10,576,800	2,644,200	22,448,800	5,612,200
TSA	8,200,000	4,400,000	8,200,000	4,400,000	8,200,000	4,400,000
USCG	9,406,788	2,384	9,969,412	3,989	9,461,664	9,004
USSS	3,298,910	1,230,800	3,086,200	2,340,740	2,133,570	1,866,240
Total DHS	109,439,239	25,153,379	87,211,770	23,519,077	88,339,934	27,887,847